	Curriculum Overview – English								
	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11				
Unit 1	Students study a variety of myths and legends from around the world. Students consolidate their knowledge about narrative, character, and the writer's method from primary school. Students begin to look critically at texts, using analytical and evaluative processes. They also begin to craft their own creative writing.	Students are exposed to different examples of Dystopian Fiction and focus on writing their own examples. Students learn the conventions of dystopian fiction and the methods writers use to create vivid and engaging dystopian worlds. Students practice transplanting worlds from their imagination onto the page, honing their technical accuracy and applying different strategies.	Students study the novel Of Mice and Men by John Steinbeck. Students study the plot, structure, characters, themes and context through the lens of how different groups are treated by society. Students continue to critically evaluate how writers construct their texts, and shape meanings at the sentence, page, and text levels.	Students study the novel Lord of the Flies by William Golding. Students learn the plot and how the writer has used language to create layers of meaning. Students begin to learn how to approach their Literature GCSE and construct essay-style answers that track characters and themes.	Students study the poems from the Eduqas anthology linked through the theme of Love. Students learn the meanings contained within the poems, the language used by the authors, and the context behind the poems' creation. Students continue to learn how to analyse poetry and construct answers following the style required by the exam board.				
Unit 2	Students study a range of texts produced on the topic of war and conflict. Students learn how writers use language and structure to present their feelings about war alongside form and genre conventions. Students begin deeper levels of language analysis and engagement with writer intention and audience reception.	Students study a selection of poetry focusing on the theme of power. Students learn how different writers can present similar themes differently, and further become familiar with language methods used to influence. Students gain practice of analysis and interpretation and evaluation of writers' choices.	Students study a range of poetry across a variety of themes. Students further their understanding of poetic method and the conventions of different poetic styles. Students develop their analytical experience, further learning how to decode meaning and evaluate choices.	Students are exposed to GCSE English Language Paper 1 Section A. Students learn the structure of the exam, how they are assessed, and are exposed to examples of questions. Students learn the specific methods required for answering each question, and practise applying the analytical skills from KS3 to unseen texts.	Students consolidate their knowledge of English Language Paper 1. Students go over the structure of the exam to ensure familiarity. Students revisit the procedure for each question, ensuring that the different methods of approach are secure.				
Unit 3	Students study the contemporary novel Cirque du Freak. Students engage with the entire novel, discussing plot, narrative, structure, character development, themes, and language choices. Students both analyse the novel, and use the source as a stimulus for creative writing focusing on description and persuasion.	Students study William Shakespeare's Macbeth. Students study a reduced version of the play, covering the plot, characterisation, themes, and key scenes. Students focus on working with and analysing Shakespearean language, and evaluating text-wide choices and representations.	Students explore a range of both fiction and non-fiction texts written during the 19 th Century. Students are exposed to the conventions of 19 th century writing. Students learn to decode and analyse texts from Victorian sources and interpret authorial intent in preparation for their GCSE English Language.	Student study War and Power poetry from the Eduqas anthology and Unseen poetry. Students learn the meanings found within the poems, the language and structure used to create them, and the contextual information about each poem. Students begin to learn how to approach the poetry section of their Literature GCSE and structure responses effectively.	Students revisit the Nature and War Poems from the Eduqas Anthology. Students recover the content and context of a range of poems, focusing on applying their knowledge to the exam questions. Students practise writing in exam conditions, structuring their ideas academically in order to access the mark scheme.				
Unit 4	Students explore the theme of heroes and villains by looking at a range of contemporary non-fiction texts.	Students study a modern novel (Stone Cold). Students study plot, themes, and character development through a text that links to contemporary	Students look at extracts from Shakespeare's Henry V. Students learn the basic plot of the play and focus on Shakespeare's use of language to	Students study a 19 th Century Novel – either Dickens' A Christmas Carol or Stevenson's Strange Case of Dr Jekyll & Mr Hyde.	Students complete a revision module on 20 th Century Fiction – <i>Lord of the Flies</i> . Students recap the key plot, character, and thematic information.				

	Students look at the conventions of newspaper articles and writing to inform and persuade. Students focus on analytical comparison – looking at two linked texts and evaluating them for both content and language.	societal issues, showing how writer's use novels to discuss real-world issues. Analytical Literature essay-writing development is included alongside creative opportunities tied to themes from the novel.	create power and shape character. Students learn how to engage analytically with Shakespearean language and evaluate characterization ahead of GCSE Literature.	Students study the plot structure, character development, and the writer's use of language. They must also link their learning to context. Students develop their understanding on how to approach essay-style answers that track characters and themes.	Students hone their skills of answering analytical essays in timed conditions to satisfy the requirements of the exam board.
Unit 5	Students explore how to write effective non-fiction pieces. Students are exposed to non-fiction writing to learn the methods writers use to influence their audiences. Students write their own non-fiction pieces, practicing their writing accuracy alongside evaluating their language choices in order to achieve their aims.	Students explore how to write effective non-fiction pieces. Students further learn the conventions of non-fiction writing and the methods writers use to achieve their aims. Students develop their writing accuracy and work on the application of linguistic methods to influence the reader.	Students exploring representations of gender in different media. Students learn how writers present gender through language in their writing. Students focus on analysis, evaluation, and comparison in preparation for their Language GCSE course.	Students are exposed to GCSE Language Paper 2. Students learn the structure of the exam, how they are assessed, and are exposed to examples of questions. Students learn the specific methods required for answering each question, and practise applying the analytical skills from KS3 to unseen non-fiction texts.	Students revisit their 19 th Century Novel – either <i>Jekyll and Hyde</i> or <i>A Christmas Carol</i> . Students recap the key plot, character, themes, and contextual knowledge. Students further work on answering long-form questions in timed conditions, practising the skills required to meet the exam-board requirements.
Unit 6	Students study extracts from William Shakespeare's <i>The Tempest</i> . Students study key scenes from the play, covering the plot, characterization, and linking themes to a contemporary context. Students work to decode Shakespearean language, and evaluate the choices Shakespeare made and the impacts they have on the audience.	N/A	Students study the contemporary novel Every Day by David Levithan. Students focus on plot, themes, and character development through a text that challenges literary norms. Language and structure are analysed for meanings and representations. Students practice analysis and evaluation alongside academic essay-writing skills.	Students learn William Shakespeare's Macbeth. Students study the plot, themes, characters, and Shakespeare's use of language. Students develop their understanding of how to answer Literature answers successfully and think like Literature students.	Students revise their learning of Macbeth. Students ensure their understanding of plot, structure, character, and themes. Students answer exam-style questions in timed conditions, utilising the skills necessary for success in exams – structuring ideas, recall, accuracy of communication.
Unit 7	N/A	N/A	Students study effective creative writing – narrative and description. Students learn the methods writers use to engage, entertain, and describe. There is also a focus on writing accurately and in a sophisticated and mature manner. Students hone their writing skills with engaging stimuli in order to feel comfortable being creative whilst being effective in terms of assessment.	Students focus on Paper 1 Question 5 – Creative Writing. Students learn the structure of Section B, the mark scheme, and the conditions of success. Students apply the creative methods that they have learned over KS3 and evaluate how they combine to produce effective writing.	N/A