

<b>Ideas about the cause of disease and illness</b>	Supernatural and religious explanations of the cause of disease
	Rational explanations: the Theory of the Four Humours
	Rational explanations: the Miasma Theory
	The continuing influence in England of Hippocrates and Galen
<b>Approaches to prevention and treatment</b>	Approaches to prevention and treatment: religious actions
	Approaches to prevention and treatment: bloodletting and purging
	Approaches to prevention and treatment: purifying the air
	Approaches to prevention and treatment: use of remedies
	New and traditional approaches to hospital care in the C13th
	The role of the physician, apothecary and barber surgeon in treatment and care
<b>CASE STUDY</b>	Dealing with the Black Death, 1348-49; approaches to treatment and attempts to prevent its spread.
<b>Ideas about the cause of disease and illness</b>	Continuity and change in explanations of the cause of disease and illness
	A scientific approach, including the work of Thomas Sydenham in improving diagnosis
	The influence of the Printing Press

	The work of the Royal Society on the transmission of ideas	
<b>Approaches to prevention and treatment</b>	Continuity in approaches to prevention, treatment and care in the community and in hospitals.	
	Change in care and treatment: improvements in medical training and the influence in England of the work of Vesalius.	
<b>CASE STUDIES</b>	William Harvey and the discovery of the circulation of the blood	
	Dealing with the Great Plague in London, 1665; approaches to treatment and attempts to prevent its spread	
<b>Ideas about the cause of disease and illness</b>	Continuity and change in explanations of the cause of disease and illness	
	The influence in Britain of Pasteur's Germ Theory and Koch's work on microbes	
<b>Approaches to prevention and treatment</b>	The extent of change in care and treatment: improvements in hospital care and the influence of Nightingale	
	The impact of anaesthetics and antiseptics on surgery	
	New approaches to prevention: the development and use of vaccinations	
	New approaches to prevention: the Public Health Act 1875	
<b>CASE STUDIES</b>	Jenner and the development of vaccination	
	Fighting Cholera in London, 1854; attempts to prevent its spread; the significance of Snow and the Broad Street pump	
<b>Ideas about the cause of</b>	Advances in understanding the causes of illness and disease: the influence of genetics	

<b>disease and illness</b>	Advances in understanding the causes of illness and disease: the influence of lifestyle factors	
	Improvements in diagnosis: the impact of the availability of blood tests, scans and monitors	
<b>Approaches to prevention and treatment</b>	The extent of change in care and treatment. The impact of the NHS; improved access to care.	
	The extent of change in care and treatment. The impact of science and technology; advances in medicines, including magic bullets and antibiotics.	
	The extent of change in care and treatment. The impact of science and technology; high-tech medical and surgical treatment in hospitals.	
	New approaches to prevention: mass vaccinations and government lifestyle campaigns.	
<b>CASE STUDIES</b>	Fleming, Florey and Chain's development of penicillin.	
	The fight against lung cancer in the C21st: the use of science and technology in diagnosis and treatment; government action.	